NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times

June 2014

Introduction

This briefing provides information on the performance of Local Health Boards (LHBs) against the Welsh Government targets for NHS treatment waiting times. Most NHS waiting times in Wales are measured against the time from referral to treatment (RTT), although there are a number of exceptions. The RTT is the period of time from referral, by a GP or other medical practitioner, to hospital for treatment.

The current Welsh Government targets for NHS RTT waiting times are to ensure that:

 At least 95 per cent of patients waiting to start treatment must have waited less than 26 weeks from referral to treatment

100 per cent of patients not treated within 26 weeks must be treated in 36 weeks.

The Welsh Government measures progress against these targets each month, and the figures used **are those for patients waiting to start treatment at the end of the month.** Separate figures for patients treated during each month are published,³ but as these are not covered by the targets they have not been included in this release. The LHB figures included in this release are for patients treated by each LHB rather than by LHB of residence, which are also published on Stats Wales.⁴

On 13 March 2014 the Minister for Health and Social Services, Mark Drakeford, announced new funding of £5 million to go towards cutting waits for diagnostic tests.⁵ The Minister stated that improving speed of access to these tests will mean that patients can start their full treatment more quickly, meaning that overall waiting times should reduce.

Performance against targets in April 2014

Table 1 and figures 1 and 2 show performance against the 26 and 36 week referral to treatment waiting time targets for each LHB, and for the whole of Wales, using the latest figures from April 2014.⁶ It can be seen from table 1 and figure 1 that:

- In April 2014, neither the 26 week nor 36 week targets were met on an All Wales basis.
- Powys Teaching Health Board achieved the 26 week referral to treatment waiting time target in April 2014.
 In Powys, one patient was waiting more than 36 weeks for treatment since referral.
- Cardiff and Vale University Health Board was the worst performing LHB for the 26 week target. Betsi
 Cadwaladr Health Board was the worst performing LHB for the 36 week target.

¹ The targets apply to the majority of referrals to NHS hospitals for treatment; however there are a number of exceptions. In addition, some conditions such as cancer have their own specific target, and are therefore not included in the general targets. Further information on referral to treatment targets is available at: Welsh Government, **Referral to Treatment Times – April 2012**, page 4, 14 June 2012 [accessed 12 June 2014]

² Welsh Government, **Referral to Treatment Times, April 2014,** 12 June 2014 [accessed 12 June 2014]

³ ibio

⁴ Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting [accessed 12 June 2014]

⁵ Welsh Government, New funding to speed up access to treatment, 13 March 2014 [accessed 12 June 2014]

⁶ Welsh Government, **Referral to Treatment Times, April 2014,** 12 June 2014 [accessed 12 June 2014]

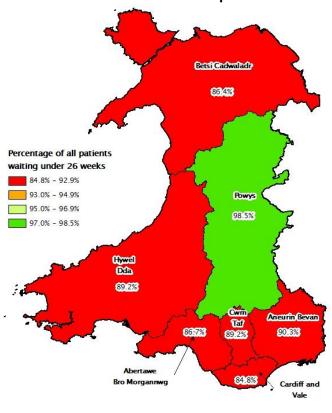
Table 1: Performance against waiting time targets at end of April 2014 (a), (c),

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36	weeks (b)	Over 36 weeks	Total
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	patients waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	70,280	86.7	78,467	96.8	2,591	81,058
Aneurin Bevan	70,137	90.3	76,293	98.2	1,375	77,668
Betsi Cadwaladr	76,042	86.4	84,346	95.8	3,713	88,059
Cardiff and Vale	66,040	84.8	75,162	96.6	2,670	77,832
Cwm Taf	34,050	89.2	37,431	98.1	736	38,167
Hywel Dda	49,315	89.2	53,548	96.9	1,709	55,257
Powys (d)	5,880	98.5	5,967	100.0	1	5,968
Wales	371,744	87.7	411,214	97.0	12,795	424,009

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting, Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the Referral to Treatment Time quality report for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (c) The value in the purple shaded box met the referral to treatment waiting time target in April 2014.
- (d) Powys Health Board's figure showing 100% of patients waiting under 36 weeks is due to rounding, a more precise figure is 99.98%, as shown on the maps below

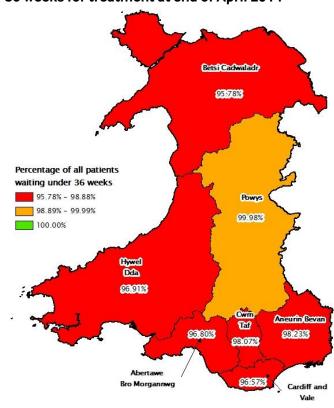
Figure 1: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment at end of April 2014



© Crown copyright and database rights 2014. Ordnance Survey 100047295.

Contains Ordnance Survey data.

Figure 2: Percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment at end of April 2014



© Crown copyright and database rights 2014. Ordnance Survey 100047295.

Contains Ordnance Survey data.

Source: Statswales



Cymru

Source: Statswales

National Assembly for **Wales**

Performance against RTT waiting time targets since April 2013

Table 2 and figure 3 focus on the performance against the referral to treatment waiting time targets, on an All Wales basis since April 2013.⁷

It can be seen from table 2 and figure 3 that:

- Neither target has been met in any month at an All Wales level between April 2013 and April 2014.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment in April 2014 was 1.2 percentage points lower than in March 2014.
- The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment in April 2014 was 0.5 percentage points lower than in March 2014.
- The number of patients waiting over 36 weeks for treatment was over 2,000 more than March 2014.
- Nearly 28,000 more people were waiting for treatment at the end of April 2014 compared to April 2013. The number of patients waiting for treatment at the end of April 2014 is the highest at any point over the past year, and also since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.⁸

Table 2: Performance against waiting time targets, on All Wales basis, April 2013 to April 2014 (a),(b)

	Under 26 weeks		Under 36 weeks (b)		Over 36 weeks	Total patients
Date	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	waiting for treatment
April 2013	357,493	90.3	388,481	98.1	7,611	396,092
May 2013	362,209	89.3	396,802	97.8	8,933	405,735
June 2013	368,365	89.8	399,938	97.5	10,123	410,061
July 2013	375,192	90.1	405,389	97.3	11,109	416,498
August 2013	370,964	88.6	405,375	96.9	13,147	418,522
September 2013	368,569	88.4	405,265	97.2	11,672	416,937
October 2013	366,875	88.2	403,742	97.0	12,281	416,023
November 2013	364,999	88.0	401,502	96.8	13,269	414,771
December 2013	360,170	86.6	401,045	96.5	14,745	415,790
January 2014	357,719	86.8	396,043	96.1	16,109	412,152
February 2014	364,004	87.9	398,675	96.3	15,388	414,063
March 2014	371,877	88.9	407,856	97.5	10,586	418,442
April 2014	371,744	87.7	411,214	97.0	12,795	424,009

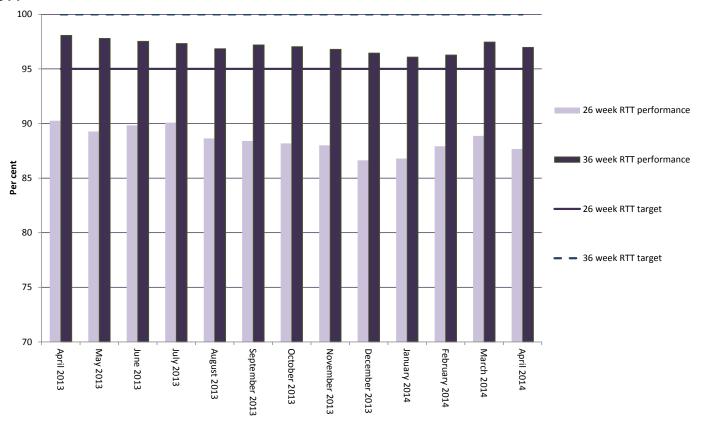
Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
Notes:

- (a) This includes patients who are waiting for cardiac treatment. Cardiac RTT is defined differently from the rest of RTT; please refer to the Referral to treatment time quality report for further details.
- (b) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.
- (c) The Welsh Government has issued revised figures for December 2013.

Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 June 2014]

⁸ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 June 2014]

Figure 3: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks at end of month from April 2013 to April 2014



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales , **Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks** Notes – See notes from Table 2

Trauma and orthopaedic specialty

While waiting time targets are applied to performance across all specialties, it is useful to see the contribution of individual specialties towards performance.

In a written statement in March 2011, the then Minister for Health and Social Services highlighted the difficulty in achieving waiting time targets due to pressures within orthopaedic services resulting from increased GP referrals. ⁹

Following additional funding allocations for orthopaedic treatment in 2011-12 and 2012-13, the Welsh Government stated that £16.6 million will be allocated in recurrent annual funding from 2013-14 with the purpose of sustaining improvements in orthopaedic waiting times.¹⁰

⁹ Welsh Government, Edwina Hart (Minister for Health and Social Services), Waiting Times and Orthopaedic Services update, Cabinet Written Statement, 10 March 2011 [accessed 12 June 2014]

Welsh Government, Draft Budget 2013-14: A Budget for Growth and Jobs, page 38, October 2012 [accessed 12 June 2014]

Table 3 shows the latest figures for the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, at the end of April 2014.

Table 3: Waiting times for trauma and orthopaedic specialty at end of April 2014, (a), (b)

	Under 2	26 weeks	Under 36	Total patients	
Local Health Board	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of patients waiting	Number of patients waiting	Percentage of all patients waiting	waiting for treatment
Abertawe Bro Morgannwg	7,862	74.8	9,587	91.2	10,511
Aneurin Bevan	10,502	81.3	12,170	94.2	12,921
Betsi Cadwaladr	8,118	71.0	10,223	89.4	11,439
Cardiff and Vale	7,375	85.6	8,437	97.9	8,619
Cwm Taf	3,666	82.4	4,311	96.9	4,451
Hywel Dda	5,495	69.1	6,791	85.4	7,951
Powys	437	97.5	448	100.0	448
Wales	43,455	77.1	51,967	92.2	56,340

Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting Notes:

In April 2014, it can be seen that:

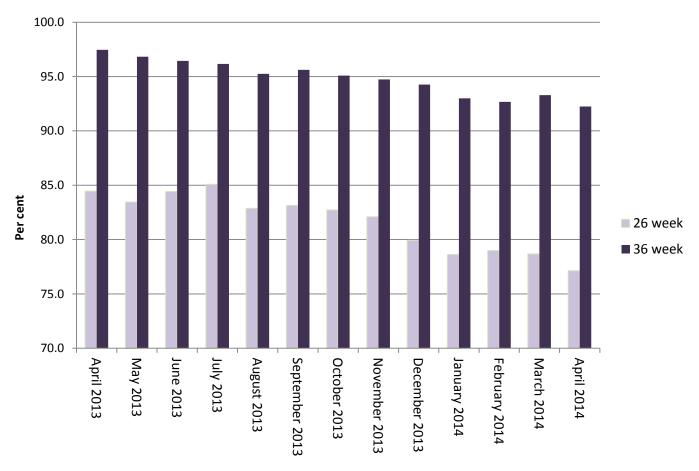
- In Powys Teaching Health Board over 95 per cent of patients were waiting less than 26 weeks. In all other LHBs, less than 86 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 26 weeks for treatment.
- In Powys Teaching Health Board, all patients had been waiting under 36 weeks for treatment. In all other LHBs, less than 98 per cent of patients had been waiting less than 36 weeks for treatment.
- The LHB with the lowest percentage of patients waiting under both 26 weeks and 36 weeks was Hywel Dda Health Board.

⁽a) The figures for patients waiting under 36 weeks for treatment include those waiting under 26 weeks and between 26 and 36 weeks for treatment.

⁽b) Values in the purple shaded boxes indicate a level of performance in April 2014 equal to or above that needed to achieve the waiting time targets.

Figure 4 compares the percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks for treatment in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in the months from April 2013 to April 2014.

Figure 4: Percentage of patients waiting less than 26 and 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty, from April 2013 to April 2014



Source: Research Service calculations from Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks

- For each month since April 2013, the percentage of patients waiting under 26 weeks has been well below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 26 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in April 2014 was 1.6 percentage points lower than March 2014, and was the lowest of any month over the past year and also since figures started to be produced in the current format in September 2011.¹¹
- For each month since April 2013, the percentage of patients waiting under 36 weeks has also been below the level needed to achieve the waiting time target across all specialties. The percentage of patients waiting less than 36 weeks in the trauma and orthopaedic specialty in April 2014 was the lowest of any point over the past year and since November 2011. It decreased by 1.1 percentage points compared to March 2014

¹¹ Welsh Government, Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks [accessed 12 June 2014]



Further information

For further information and statistics on NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times, please contact **Nigel Barwise** (Nigel.Barwise@wales.gov.uk), Research
Service.

See also:

The links below provide further information about the data sources used in this briefing, and further information about NHS Referral to Treatment Waiting Times:

- Welsh Government, Referral to Treatment
 Times, April 2014
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by month and grouped weeks
- Stats Wales, Patients waiting to start treatment by latest month, local health board and weeks waiting

View our **full range of publications** on the Assembly website: **assemblywales.org/research**

You can also follow us on Twitter:

@SeneddResearch

We welcome your comments. These should be sent to: Research Service, National Assembly for Wales, Cardiff, CF99 1NA or e-mailed to Research.Service@wales.gov.uk

The Research Service has produced this Research Note for the benefit of Assembly Members and their support staff. Authors are available to discuss the contents of these papers with Members and their staff but cannot advise members of the general public.

Enquiry no: 14/1646

